Chemwatch: 7172-11 Version No: 4.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: 01/11/2019 Print Date: 28/03/2021 S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

| Product name | Septone Protecta San |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Chemical Name | Not Applicable |
| Synonyms | Stock Code: 9138 |
| Chemical formula | Not Applicable |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Sanitising hand cleaner. |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Nelevant lucituneu uses | |

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Primepac Industrial Limited |
|-------------------------|---|
| Address | 15 Orbit Drive, Mairangi Bay, Auckland 0632 |
| Telephone | 0800 277 772 |
| Fax | 0800 622 226 |
| Website | www.primepac.co.nz |
| Email | sales@primepac.co.nz |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | ITW AAMTech Australia | CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers | 1800 039 008 | +61 2 9186 1132 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available | +61 1800 951 288 |

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Classification ^[1] | Not Applicable |

Label elements

| Hazard pictogram(s) | Not Applicable |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Signal word | Not Applicable |

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
|------|---|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| P103 | Read carefully and follow all instructions. |

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|---------------|-----------|--|
| 9004-82-4 | <10 | sodium lauryl ether sulfate |
| Not Available | | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |
| Not Available | | and |
| 7732-18-5 | >60 | water |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | Generally not applicable. Discontinue use if irritation occurs |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may |
|----------------------|---|
| | result |

Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. |
|---------------|---|
|---------------|---|

| Fire/Explosion Hazard | Non combustible. Not considered to be a significant fire risk. Expansion or decomposition on heating may lead to violent rupture of containers. Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). |
|-----------------------|---|
| | Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: carbon dioxide (CO2) sulfur oxides (SOx) |
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | Slippery when spilt. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Slippery when spilt. Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling | Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. |
|-------------------|--|
| Other information | Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container | Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid reaction with oxidising agents |

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

| Ingredient | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | | TEEL-3 |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Septone Protecta San | Not Available | Not Available | | Not Available |
| | | | | |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | | Revised IDLH | |
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | Not Available | | Not Available | |
| water | Not Available | | Not Available | |

Occupational Exposure Banding

| Ingredient | Occupational Exposure Band Rating | Occupational Exposure Band Limit |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | E | ≤ 0.01 mg/m³ |
| Notes: | Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemica potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposu- band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentra | ire. The output of this process is an occupational exposure |

Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Personal protection | |
| Eye and face protection | No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Safety glasses with side shields. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. |
| Skin protection | See Hand protection below |
| Hands/feet protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE : Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. • Bare skin is cleaned with this material. • Application of hand cream / barrier cream after use is recommended. |
| Body protection | See Other protection below |
| Other protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit. |

Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Clear viscous liquid with a neutral odour; miscible with water. | | |
|---|---|--|----------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Agua= 1) | 1.015 |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | 5.5 | Decomposition temperature | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | 100 | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol) | 85 w/v |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water | Miscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | Not Available |

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See section 7

| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting |
| Skin Contact | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. |
| Eye | There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons. |
| Chronic | Principal hazards are accidental eye contact and cleaner overuse. Overuse or obsessive cleaner use may lead to defatting of the skin and may cause irritation, drying, cracking, leading to dermatitis. |

| Our tana Distanta Our | ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ | IRRITATION | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Septone Protecta San | Not Available | Not Available | |
| | ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ | IRRITATION | |
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | Oral(Rat) LD50; 1600 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] | |
| | | Skin (rabbit):25 mg/24 hr moderate | |
| | | Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] | |
| water | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | |
| | Oral(Rat) LD50; >90 mg/kg ^[2] | Not Available | |
| Legend: | | Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. TECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances | |

| SODIUM LAURYL ETHER SULFATE | * [CESIO] Polyethers (such as ethoxylated surfactants and then form complex mixtures of oxidation product Animal testing reveals that whole the pure, non- sensitisers. The oxidization products also cause Alcohol ethoxysulfates (AES) are of low acute to The material may produce moderate eye irritation produce conjunctivitis. | ts. •oxidised surfactant is non-sensitiz • irritation. •oxicity. Neat AES are irritant to the | zing, many of the oxidation products are |
|--|--|--|--|
| SODIUM LAURYL ETHER SULFATE & WATER | No significant acute toxicological data identified | in literature search. | |
| | | | |
| Acute Toxicity | × | Carcinogenicity | × |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | × | Reproductivity | × |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | × | STOT - Single Exposure | × |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity | × | Aspiration Hazard | × |
| | Le | gend: 🗙 – Data either not ava | ailable or does not fill the criteria for classification |

Legend:

Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | NOEC(ECx) | 48 | Fish | 0.26mg/L | 5 |
| | EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 2.43-4.01mg/l | 4 |
| | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| water | Not | | | Not | Not |
| | Available | Not Available | Not Available | Available | Available |

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| water | LOW | LOW |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation | |
|------------|----------------------|--|
| water | LOW (LogKOW = -1.38) | |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|------------|------------------|
| water | LOW (KOC = 14.3) |

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

| Waste treatment methods | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Product / Packaging disposal | Recycle wherever possible. Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified. Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material). Decontaminate empty containers. | |

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name | Group | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--|
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | Not Available | |
| water | Not Available | |

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

|--|

| Product name | Ship Type |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| sodium lauryl ether sulfate | Not Available |
| water | Not Available |

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

sodium lauryl ether sulfate is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

water is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

National Inventory Status

| National Inventory | Status | |
|--|---|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use | Yes | |
| Canada - DSL | Yes | |
| Canada - NDSL | No (sodium lauryl ether sulfate; water) | |
| China - IECSC | Yes | |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Yes | |
| Japan - ENCS | Yes | |
| Korea - KECI | Yes | |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Yes | |
| Philippines - PICCS | Yes | |
| USA - TSCA | Yes | |
| Taiwan - TCSI | Yes | |
| Mexico - INSQ | No (sodium lauryl ether sulfate) | |
| Vietnam - NCI | Yes | |
| Russia - FBEPH | Yes | |
| Legend: | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) | |

SECTION 16 Other information

| Revision Date | 01/11/2019 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 01/11/2009 |

SDS Version Summary

| Version | Issue Date | Sections Updated |
|---------|------------|--|
| 3.1.1.1 | 17/05/2016 | Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (skin), Acute Health (swallowed), Chronic Health, Classification, Engineering Control, Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), First Aid (skin), Handling Procedure, Ingredients, Personal Protection (other), Personal Protection (eye), Personal Protection (hands/feet), Spills (major), Spills (minor), Supplier Information, Synonyms, Use |
| 4.1.1.1 | 01/11/2019 | One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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